

2015

Financial Statements

King Country Electric Power Trust



Contents of Financial Statements

| Contents of Financial Statements | | 1 |
|--|------------|---------|
| Directory | | 2 |
| Statement of Responsibility | | 3 |
| Audit Report | | 4 |
| Statement of Comprehensive Income | | 6 |
| Statement of Changes in Equity | | 7 |
| Balance Sheet | | 8 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | | 9 |
| Notes to and forming part of the Financial | Statements | 10 - 19 |

Directory

As at 31 March 2015

Nature of Business

Energy Consumer Trust

Trustees

Robert Carter (Chair), Kirikau Graeme Cosford, Taumarunui Niel Groombridge, Omori Uwe Kroll, Ohakune

Norman Annand, Taumarunui

Beneficiary

Trust Beneficiaries

Secretary

Tessa Stewart
Phone: 07 895 9471
Fax: 07 895 9041
Email: kcept@xtra.co.nz

Office of the Trust

Enquiries to Tessa Stewart, Secretary

Postal Address: 218 Golf Road P O Box 421 TAUMARUNUI 3946

 $Website:\ www.kcpowertrust.co.nz$

Accountants

Balance Chartered Accountants Limited

Chartered Accountants

TAUMARUNUI

Auditor

Sewell & Wilson PO Box 97 Wanganui 4540

Bankers

Bank of New Zealand TAUMARUNUI

ANZ Bank TE KUITI

Solicitors

Simpson Grierson

Statement of Responsibility

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

The Board of Trustees has pleasure in presenting the annual report of King Country Electric Power Trust incorporating the financial statements and the auditor's report, for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these statements. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with The Electricity Industry Act 2010 and the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

The Trustees accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the Trust's financial reporting.

In the opinion of the Board, the annual financial statements for the financial year fairly reflect the financial position and operations of the Trust.

The Trust's 2015 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Trustees.

Chairperson

Date

Trustee





Independent Auditor's Report

TO: THE TRUSTEES AND CONSUMER BENEFICIARIES OF THE KING COUNTRY ELECTRIC POWER TRUST

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of King Country Electric Power Trust on pages 6 to 19, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Trustees' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Under the Electricity Industry Act 2010 and the Financial Reporting Act 2013 the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP) and New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting standards – Reduced Disclosure Regime (NZ IFRS RDR), that give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate, and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates, as well as evaluating the presentation of the financial statements.

Telephone: (06) 349 0015

Facsimile: (06) 345 3943

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with, or interests in, King Country Electric Power Trust.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 6 to 19:

- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand and New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting standards Reduced Disclosure Regime (NZ IFRS RDR);
- give a true and fair view of the financial position of King Country Electric Power Trust as at 31 March 2015 and its financial performance and Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Restriction on Distribution or Use

This report is made solely to the Trustees and Consumer beneficiaries of the Trust. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trustees and beneficiaries those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust, the Trustees and the Consumer beneficiaries for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

Sewell & Wilson

Chartered Accountants

10 August 2015

Wanganui

Statement of Comprehensive Income

| | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------|---|---|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| Operating Revenue | | | |
| Less Cost of Sales | | | |
| Opening Stock Closing Stock | | 6,920 | 6,920 (6,920) |
| Gross Deficit | | (6,920) | • |
| Investment Income | | | |
| Dividends Received Interest Received Overseas Income PIE Income Gain (Loss) on Investments Total Investment Income | | 1,803,405 572,721 56,207 123,426 636,153 3,191,912 | 2,372,306 261,428 - 6,232 11,580,000 14,219,966 |
| Gross Surplus after Other Income | | 3,184,992 | 14,219,966 |
| Less Expenses | | 3, 10 1,002 | 14,210,000 |
| Operating Expenses Administration Expenses Overhead Expenses Non Cash Expenses | | 33,034 157,617 1,035 1,445 | 2,204 260,249 40,923 642 |
| Total Expenses | 2 | 193,131 | 304,018 |
| Surplus before Income Tax | | 2,991,861 | 13,915,948 |
| Income Tax Expense | 4 | 720,079 | 768,806 |
| Net Surplus | | 2,271,782 | 13,147,142 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| AFS Financial Asset Revaluation | 7 | 765,802 | (12,487,262) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax | | 3,037,584 | 659,880 |



Statement of Changes in Equity

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Revenues and Expenses | | |
| Net Surplus | 2,271,782 | 13,147,142 |
| Movement in Reserves | 765,802 | (12,487,262) |
| Total Recognised Revenues and Expenses | 3,037,584 | 659,880 |
| Distributions | (1,253,191) | (960,000) |
| Trust Funds at the Beginning of the Year | 37,867,552 | 38,167,672 |
| Trust Funds at the End of the Year | 39,651,945 | 37,867,552 |



Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2015

| | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|------------|
| T-15-1 | | \$ | \$ |
| Trust Funds | | | |
| Trust Capital | 5 | 6,675,100 | 6,675,100 |
| Retained Earnings | 6 | 29,575,677 | 28,557,086 |
| Reserves | 7 | 3,401,168 | 2,635,366 |
| Total Trust Funds | | 39,651,945 | 37,867,552 |
| B | | | |
| Represented by: | | | |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 8 | 8,110,651 | 3,023,547 |
| Other Receivables | 9 | 616 | 85,446 |
| Income Tax Receivable | | 85,091 | 104,545 |
| Prepayments | 10 | 105,220 | - |
| Inventories Current Investments | 11 12 | 205 754 | 6,920 |
| | 12 | 305,754 | 14,863,103 |
| Total Current Assets | | 8,607,332 | 18,083,561 |
| Non Current Assets | | | |
| Property, Plant & Equipment | 13 | 1,826 | 735 |
| Term Investments | 14 | 31,045,740 | 19,786,072 |
| Total Non Current Assets | | 31,047,566 | 19,786,807 |
| Total Assets | | 39,654,898 | 37,870,368 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Payables & Accruals | 15 | 2,953 | 2,816 |
| Total Liabilities | | 2,953 | 2,816 |
| Net Assets | | 39,651,945 | 37,867,552 |



Statement of Cash Flows

| For the \ | Year | Ended | 31 | March | 2015 |
|-----------|------|-------|----|-------|------|
|-----------|------|-------|----|-------|------|

| Tof the Teal Effact of March 2010 | | | 2 |
|---|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Note | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | | · | |
| Cash was provided from: | | | |
| Interest Received Dividends Received Other Investment Income Received | | 645,973 1,803,405 179,632 | 309,430 2,372,306 6,232 |
| | · · | 2,629,010 | 2,687,968 |
| Cash was disbursed to: | | | |
| Payment to suppliers and employees Income tax paid | | 196,788 700,624 | 304,449 847,426 |
| | | 897,412 | 1,151,875 |
| Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities | 21 | 1,731,598 | 1,536,093 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | | |
| Cash was provided from: | | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of short term investments Proceeds from disposal of available for sale financial assets | | 14,557,349 465,250 | 13,500,000 |
| | | 15,022,599 | 13,500,000 |
| Cash was disbursed to: | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant & equipment Purchases of available for sale financial assets Purchases of fair value financial assets through profit and loss | | 2,536 423,871 9,987,495 | 2,464,159 - 9,696,043 |
| Purchases of short term investments | | 10,413,902 | 12,160,202 |
| Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | 4,608,697 | 1,339,798 |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities Cash was disbursed to: | | | |
| Distributions to Beneficiaries | | 1,253,191 | 960,000 |
| | | 1,253,191 | 960,000 |
| Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities | | (1,253,191) | (960,000) |
| Net Increase in Cash Held Cash at the Beginning of the Year | | 5,087,104 3,023,547 | 1,915,891 1,107,656 |
| Cash at the End of the Year | 8 | 8,110,651 | 3,023,547 |



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

1 Statement of Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

King Country Electric Power Trust is an Energy Consumer Trust.

The Trust was established to hold shares in King Country Energy Limited. The principal activity of the Trust is to invest in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed for the long term good of their beneficiaries.

The object of the Trust is to hold shares in King Country Energy Limited on behalf of the consumers, exercising the rights attached to ownership and distribute to consumers the benefits of ownership including any dividends received by the Trust, and to carry out future ownership reviews involving public consultation.

Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

The financial statements for the King Country Electric Power Trust have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP). King Country Electric Power Trust is a for-profit entity for the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP. The financial statements comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime (NZ IFRS RDR), other New Zealand accounting standards and authoritative notices that are applicable to entities that apply NZ IFRS.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Reporting Act 2013 and the Electricity Industry Act 2010.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with NZ IFRS RDR requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Trust's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant are disclosed at the end of the accounting policies.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale assets and financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss.

Specific Accounting Policies

The following specific accounting policies which materially affect the measurement of the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Balance Sheet have been applied:

(a) Revenue Recognition

Interest income on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recognised as it is earned (e.g. a term deposit that has been invested for 30 days of 100 at balance date will have 30 days of interest recognised). When a receivable is impaired, the Trust reduces the carrying amount to its estimated recoverable amount.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. The income is reflected on a gross income basis; with the imputation credits attached becoming part of the tax calculation.

(b) Expenses

Expenses have been classified on their business function.

(c) Inventories

Inventories are recognised at lower of cost and net realisable value, determined on a first-in first-out basis.



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

(d) Property, Plant & Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in the Statement of Financial Performance in the financial period in which they are incurred.

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Depreciation has been calculated using the maximum rates permitted by the Income Tax Act 2007.

The following estimated depreciation rates/useful lives have been used:

Plant & Equipment

14.4% - 60% DV

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

(e) Income Tax

The income tax expense charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income recognises the current year's provision adjusted for timing and permanent differences between taxable and accounting income. Deferred tax is calculated using the comprehensive basis under the liability method and future tax benefits are not recognised unless realisation of the asset is virtually certain.

(f) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the Balance Sheet when the trust becomes party to a financial contract. They include cash balances, deposits, bank overdraft, payables, receivables and intercompany balances.

All of the financial instruments of the trust are initially recorded at cost and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Due allowance is made for impaired receivables (doubtful debts).

(g) Financial Instruments - Financial Assets

At initial recognition, the entity determines the classification of financial assets as either held at fair value, cost or amortised cost. Financial assets are measured initially at fair value, estimated at the transaction price less any associated transaction costs.



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

Amortised cost

Includes assets where the entity intends to earn contractual cash flows in the nature of principal and interest payments. Such assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the assets are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Fair value

Financial assets not held at amortised cost or costs are held at fair value and include financial derivatives such as forward contracts and interest rate swaps. Assets are subsequently measured at fair value only when the fair value of the instrument can be reliably measured based on a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. Where no active market price is available, the instrument shall be measured at the fair value for a prior year less any accumulated impairment loss.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss for movements in the fair value of the assets and when the assets are derecognised.

(h) Financial Instruments - Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities, including borrowings and bank overdrafts, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expenses are recognised in profit or loss on an effective yield basis.

(i) Goods and Services Taxation (GST)

Revenues and expenses have been recognised in the financial statements inclusive of GST.

(j) Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Trust's assets other then inventories are reviewed at each balance date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses directly reduce the carrying amount of assets and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(k) AFS Financial Asset Revaluation

The AFS Revaluation Reserve reflects the gains (losses) resulting from the revaluation of Available for Sale Financial Assets. These movements in fair value are reflected through the Statement of Comprehensive Income. When the asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from the equity reserve to the surplus or deficit.

(I) Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

There has been a change in reporting basis from IFRS with differential reporting exemptions to IFRS under the Reduced Disclosure Regime. This has not changed any accounting policies but has changed disclosure requirements.



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

(m) Critical Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with NZ IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Trustees to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Trust's accounting policies. In making these judgements, estimates and assumptions concerning the future are made. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Impairment of Assets

2

NZ IFRS requires that assets are carried at no more than their recoverable amount. This requires Trustees to make judgements regarding amounts recoverable and provisions for impairment. Trustees must apply judgement in assessing likely outcomes.

Income Taxes and Deferred Taxation

Judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes and the ultimate determination is uncertain until assessments are finalised.

| Schedule of Expenses | 2015 | 2014 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| • | \$ | \$ |
| Operating Expenses | • | |
| Conference Costs | 1,654 | 1,699 |
| Portfolio Management Fees & Charges | 30,740 | _ |
| Website Costs | 640 | 505 |
| | 33,034 | 2,204 |
| Administration Expenses | | |
| Accountancy | 5,274 | 4,784 |
| ACC Levies | 167 | 180 |
| Advertising | 819 | 912 |
| Annual Reports | 308 | 169 |
| Hall Hire & Catering | 523 | _ |
| Audit Fees | 5,416 | 5,215 |
| Bank Fees & Charges | 361 | 423 |
| Computer Costs | 249 | 870 |
| Computer Allowances | 2,000 | 750 |
| Consultancy Fees | 15,152 | 76,113 |
| Election Expenses - Fees | - I | 21,979 |
| ETNZ Levy | 1,386 | 4,538 |
| Insurance | 5,696 | 4,616 |
| Meeting Room Hire | 590 | 315 |
| Postages | 237 | 6,385 |
| Secretarial Expenses | 20,688 | 29,126 |
| Stationery & Photocopying | 197 | 4,270 |
| Subscriptions | 230 | 395 |
| Telephones & Tolls | 311 | 2,307 |
| Travelling Expenses | 10,272 | 9,691 |
| Trustee Fees | 87,741 | 87,211 |
| | 157,617 | 260,249 |



These financial statements have been audited

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

| | Overhead Expenses | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Legal Expenses | | 1,035 | 40,923 |
| | Non Cash Expenses | | | |
| | Depreciation Loss on Sale Fixed Assets | 7. | 987 458 | 642 - |
| | | | 1,445 | 642 |
| | Total Expenses | | 193,131 | 304,018 |
| 3 | Auditor's Remuneration | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | The auditor of King Country Electric P | ower Trust is Sewell & Wilson | 5.440 | 5.045 |
| | Audit Fees | | 5,416 | 5,215 |
| | | | 5,417 | 5,215 |
| 4 | Tax Reconciliation | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | Surplus before Income Tax | | 2,991,861 | 13,915,948 |
| | Permanent Differences | | | |
| | PIE Non Assessable Income | | (123,426) | (6,231) |
| | Overseas Income | | (50,224) | (44 500 000) |
| | Financial Asset Revaluations | | (636,153) | (11,580,000) |
| | Total Permanent Differences | | (809,803) | (11,586,231) |
| | Taxable Income | | 2,182,058 | 2,329,717 |
| | Tax Expense at 33% | | 720,079 | 768,806 |
| | Tax Expense | | 720,079 | 768,806 |
| | | | | |

The Trust is required to account for income tax on a deferred tax basis.

As the treatment of assets and liabilities is consistent with income tax, there are no timing differences that result in deferred tax balances.

| 5 Trust Capit | tal | 2015 | 2014 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| • | | \$ | \$ |
| Opening Balar | nce | 6,675,100 | 6,675,100 |
| Total Trust | : Capital | 6,675,100 | 6,675,100 |



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

| 6 | Retained Earnings | | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|---|--|------------|--------------------|
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | Opening Balance | | 28,557,086 | 16,369,944 |
| | Plus: | | | |
| | Surplus for the Year | 1. | 2,271,782 | 13,147,142 |
| | Less: | 3 | | |
| | Distributions from Retained Surplus | | 1,253,191 | 960,000 |
| | Total Retained Earnings | | 29,575,677 | 28,557,086 |
| 7 | Reserves | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | AFS Financial Asset Revaluation | | | |
| | Opening Balance | | 2,635,366 | 15,122,628 |
| | Plus: | | | |
| | King Country Energy | | 736,732 | - |
| | The Lines Company Meridian Energy Ltd | | - | 1,100,000 9,800 |
| | Reclassify from Net Surplus | | 29,070 | - |
| | | | 765,802 | 1,109,800 |
| | Less: | | | |
| | King Country Energy | | - | 1,978,192 |
| | Mighty River Power | | - | 38,870 |
| | Reclassify to Net Surplus | | - | 11,580,000 |
| | | | | 13,597,062 |
| | Closing Balance | and the second s | 3,401,168 | 2,635,366 |
| | financial assets. Upon sale of available- | ne movements in fair value of available-for-sale for-sale financial instruments the accumulated d to that asset is reclassified to surplus or deficit. | | |
| | Total Reserves | | 3,401,168 | 2,635,366 |



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

| 8 | Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|--|-----|-----------|-----------|
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | Bank Account Balances | | | |
| | BNZ - Current Account | | 11,709 | 22,942 |
| | BNZ Achiever Savings | | 285,507 | 280,753 |
| | ANZ - Current Account | | 6,089 | 6,356 |
| | ANZ Call Account | 4.5 | 2,115 | 2,072 |
| | ANZ Serious Saver | | 2,174,868 | 2,709,484 |
| | ASB Current Account | | 1,780 | 1,785 |
| | Rabobank | | 116 | 155 |
| | BNZ - Term Deposits (less than 3 months) | | 2,815,669 | - |
| | ASB - Term Deposits (less than 3 months) | | 2,812,798 | |
| | Total Cash and Cash Equivalents | _ | 8,110,651 | 3,023,547 |

The cash and cash equivalents shown about is consistent with that used for the purposes of the statement of cash flows.

| 9 | Current Receivables | 2015 | 2014 |
|----|---------------------------|---------|----------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Other Receivables | | |
| | Accrued Interest | 616 | 85,446 |
| | Total Current Receivables | 616 | 85,446 |
| 10 | Prepayments | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Prepayments | 5,239 | - |
| | Unamortised Bond Premium | 99,981 | <u>-</u> |
| | Total Prepayments | 105,220 | • |
| | | | |
| 11 | Inventories | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Stock on Hand | | |
| | History Books | - | 6,920 |
| | Total Inventories | - | 6,920 |
| | | | |

The Trust has compiled a history of electricity in the King Country. The stock of books on hand has been taken to account at the estimated net realisable value.



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

This includes term deposits with an original maturity between 3 months and one year.

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

| 12 Current Investments | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|---------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| BNZ - Term Deposits | - | 4,316,889 |
| ANZ - Term Deposit | - | 812,170 |
| ASB - Term Deposits | - | 4,317,679 |
| Kiwibank - Term Deposit | - | 2,710,226 |
| Rabobank - Term Deposit | - | 2,706,139 |
| Managed Portfolio - Cash Balances | | |
| Managed Portfolio - NZ Cash | 300,926 | - |
| Managed Portfolio - Foreign Currency Cash | 4,828 | - |
| Total Current Investments | 305,754 | 14,863,103 |

13 Property, Plant & Equipment

| 7.0 | Cost | Depreciation Charged | Accumulated Depreciation | Closing Book Value |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Property, Plant & Equipment 2015 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Plant & Equipment | 4,233 | 987 | 2,407 | 1,826 |
| Total Property, Plant & Equipment | 4,233 | 987 | 2,407 | 1,826 |
| | Cost | Depreciation Charged | Accumulated Depreciation | Closing Book Value |
| Property, Plant & Equipment 2014 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Plant & Equipment | 12,030 | 642 | 11,295 | 735 |
| Total Property, Plant & Equipment | 12,030 | 642 | 11,295 | 735 |

The Trust owns office equipment. There is not believed to be any material impairment that should be reflected in the carrying value.

| 14 | Term Investments | 2015 | 2014 |
|----|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Investments - Available for Sale | | |
| | Shares in King Country Energy Ltd | 20,481,426 | 19,320,822 |
| | Shares in Mighty River Power Ltd | - 1 | 394,200 |
| | Shares in Meridian Energy Ltd | - 1 | 71,050 |
| | Total | 20,481,426 | 19,786,072 |



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

| Equity Investments - Fair Value | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Managed Portfolio - NZ Equities | 3,228,856 | - |
| Managed Portfolio - Australian Equities | 539,345 | - |
| Managed Portfolio - International Equity Funds | 1,122,868 | <u>-</u> |
| Managed Portfolio - Hedge Funds | 552,227 | |
| Total | 5,443,296 | |
| Fixed Interest Investments - Fair Value | | |
| Managed Portfolio - NZ Fixed Interest | 3,497,697 | - |
| Managed Portfolio - International Fixed Interest | 1,069,768 | - |
| Total | 4,567,465 | |
| NZ Property Trusts - Fair Value | 553,553 | - |
| Total Term Investments | 31,045,740 | 19,786,072 |

Shares held in King Country Energy Limited are classified as financial assets available for sale and revalued to fair value based on the last trade price on the Unlisted Exchange. Shares held directly in Meridian Energy and Mighty River Power Limited were classified as financial assets for sale and revalued to fair value at the last trade price on the NZX in 2014. These shares were transferred into the BNZ Managed Portfolio in 2015. Movements in the fair value of financial assets for sale are recognised through the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Gains or losses recognised on the sale of the asset are then reflected in net surplus.

The BNZ Managed Portfolio is recognised at fair value through profit or loss. It is revalued at balance date to fair value with gains or losses (changes in value) recognised in net surplus.

| 15 | Payables & Accruals | 2015 | 2014 |
|----|---------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Other Payables & Accruals | | |
| | Accounts Payable | 2,953 | 2,816 |
| | Total Payables & Accruals | 2,953 | 2,816 |

16 Financial Instruments

(a) Financial Instruments by Category

| Assets as per Balance Sheet 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------------|
| \$ | \$ |
| Receivables 8,416,405 | 17,886,650 |
| Assets at fair value through profit or loss 10,564,314 | - |
| Available for sale 20,481,426 | 19,786,072 |
| Trade and other receivables excluding prepayments 85,707 | 189,991 |
| 30 5/7 852 | 37 862 713 |



These financial statements have been audited

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 March 2015

| Liabilities as per Balance Sheet | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-------|-------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Trade and other payables excluding non-financial liabilities | 2,953 | 2,816 |
| | 2,953 | 2,816 |

17 Events Occurring After Balance Date

There have been no material Events After Balance-Date.

18 Related Party

Mr Brian Gurney is a Director and was the Chairman of the King Country Energy Limited Board. He resigned from the Trust at the beginning of the financial year.

19 Contingent Liabilities

The Trust has no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2015, (2014 Nil).

20 Capital Commitments

The Trust has no capital commitments as at 31 March 2015, (2014 Nil).

| Reconciliation of Profit after Tax with Net Cashflow from Operations | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Net Surplus | 2,271,782 | 13,147,142 |
| Add (less) non cash items: | | |
| Depreciation | 987 | 642 |
| Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets | 458 | - |
| Gain on Disposal of Investments | (636, 153) | (11,580,000) |
| Premium & Accrued Int on Bond Purchase | 88,403 | - |
| _ | (546,305) | (11,579,358) |
| Add (less) movements in working capital items: | | |
| Decrease (Increase) in Receivables & Prepayments | (936) | (30,618) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Payables | 137 | (1,073) |
| Decrease (Increase) in Inventories | 6,920 | - |
| | 6,121 | (31,691) |
| Net Cash from Operating Activities | 1,731,598 | 1,536,093 |

